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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/470,582

Applicant(s)

Steven B. Solomon et al

Examiner

Mussie Tesfamariam

Art Unit 2162



		Mussie				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appear	ars on the cove	er sheet with the co	orrespondence address		
A SH	for Reply ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET	TO EXPIRE _	3 MONTH	(S) FROM		
- Exten aft	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. usions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C ter SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days	cation.				
be - If NO co	considered timely. period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory mmunication. te to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by	period will apply	and will expire SIX (6	6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this		
- Any r ea	re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by reply received by the Office later than three months after the rned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	e mailing date of	this communication,	even if timely filed, may reduce any		
Status 1) 💢	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>Dec 22,</u>	1999		·		
2a) 🗌	This action is FINAL. 2b) 💢 This ac	tion is non-fina	ıl.			
3) 🗆	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.					
-	ition of Claims					
	Claim(s) <u>1-39</u>					
4	a) Of the above, claim(s)		is/ard	e withdrawn from consideration.		
5) 🗆	Claim(s)			is/are allowed.		
6) 💢	Claim(s) <u>1-39</u>			is/are rejected.		
7) 🗆	Claim(s)			is/are objected to.		
8) 🗆	Claims	ar	e subject to restric	ction and/or election requirement.		
Applica	ation Papers					
9) 🗆	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are			· .		
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on		s: a)□ approved	b)□ disapproved.		
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 13) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d).						
a) All b) Some* c) None.of:						
 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). *See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
14) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).						
Attachm	nent(s)					
15) 💢 N	otice of References Cited (PTO-892)	18) Interview	Summary (PTO-413) Paper	No(s)		
	otice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	_	19) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)			
17) 🔲 In	formation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s).	20) Other:				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103© and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

2. Claims 1, 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Christensen, 6035280 in view of Schulze, Jr. 6233564.

As per claim 1, Christensen discloses in a plurality of first devices associated with promotion sponsors the first devices operable to communicate information describing promotions to a rebate processing center see col 1, lines 66-67, col 2, lines 12-20, col 5, 52-57, col 6, lines 56-59; a plurality of second devices associated with consumers, the second devices operable to communicate information indicating purchases of products to the rebate processing center; see col 1, lines 28-33, col 2, lines 12-15, 21-32 and a first memory operable to store promotion

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information describing the promotions available for the purchases; see the col 5, lines 29-33, 44-46, col 16, lines 59-64, col 24, lines 44-45; a second memory operable to store transaction information indicating the purchases of the products; see col 22, lines 20-26, col 24, lines 46-47. However, he fails specifically to disclose in and a processor operable to process rebate requests by associating the purchases with the promotions. Schulze, Jr. discloses in and a processor operable to process rebate requests by associating the purchases with the promotions. See the abstract, fig 4, item 108, col 1, lines 13-19, col 4, lines 50-67, col 5, lines 49-53, col 11, lines 10-18. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Christensen's system such that it will have a processor to process rebate requests. This is because it would improve Christensen's system to gather rebate request information particularly on purchased products.

As per claim 4, Christensen discloses in operable to output a rebate request form in a format suitable for mailing. See col 1, lines 34-40, col 2, lines 37-53.

As per claim 6, Christensen discloses in at least one second device is operable to receive a status of rebate requests submitted to the rebate processing center by a user of the second device. See the abstract, col 2, lines 12-20.

As per claim 8, Christensen discloses a first memory operable to store promotion information describing a plurality of promotions; see the col 5, lines 29-33, 44-46, col 16, lines 59-64, col 24, lines 44-45; a second memory operable to store transaction information indicating a plurality of product purchases; see col 22, lines 20-26, col 24, lines 46-47. However, he fails

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specifically to disclose in and a processor operable to process rebate requests by associating the purchases with the promotions. Schulze, Jr. discloses in and a processor operable to process rebate requests by associating the purchases with the promotions. See the abstract, fig 4, item 108, col 1, lines 13-19, col 4, lines 50-67, col 5, lines 49-53, col 11, lines 10-18. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Christensen's system such that it will have a processor to process rebate requests. This is because it would improve Christensen's system to gather rebate request information particularly on purchased products.

As per claim 9, Christensen discloses in receiving promotion information from a plurality of promotion sponsors describing the promotions; see col 1, lines 28-34, col 2, lines 12-20, col 5, lines 51-57; to receive transaction information from a plurality of consumers indicating the product purchases. See col 6, lines 51-55.

As per claim 10, Christensen discloses in the interface is operable to receive information electronically using the Internet. See col 10, lines 54-64.

As per claim 11, Christensen discloses in the interface is operable to receive transaction information entered from a rebate request form mailed by a purchaser of a product. See col 1, lines 34-40, col 2, lines 37-53.

As per claim 12, Christensen discloses in a status of promotions associated with a promotion sponsor in response to a request from the promotion sponsor. See col 2, lines 12-18, col 5, lines 51-57.

3. Claims 2, 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Christensen, 6035280 in view of Schulze, Jr., 6233564 as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of McGurl et al, 5893080.

As per claim 2, Christensen discloses in a plurality of first devices associated with promotion sponsors the first devices operable to communicate information describing promotions to a rebate processing center see col 1, lines 66-67, col 2, lines 12-20, col 5, 52-57, col 6, lines 56-59. However, he fails specifically to disclose in a plurality of disbursement options for receiving an authorized rebate. McGurl et al disclose in a plurality of disbursement options for receiving an authorized rebate. See the abstract, fig 1, items 18, 32, fig 2, items 54, 72, col 1, lines 5-10, col 2, lines 10-20, 63-67, col 6, lines 56-59, col 8, lines 52-57. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Christensen's system such that it will have disbursement options. This is because it would improve Christensen's system to generate a plurality of payment disbursements based upon plurality of requests and to automatically determine which of the plurality of types corresponds to account information. As per claim 7, Christensen discloses in at least one second device is operable to receive an authorization upon approval of a rebate request. See col 1, lines 66-67, col 2, lines 12-20, col 5, 52-57, col 6, lines 56-59. However, he fails specifically to disclose in the authorization having a plurality of selectable disbursement options. McGurl et al disclose in the authorization having a plurality of selectable disbursement options. See the abstract, fig 1, items 18, 32, fig 2, items 54, 72, col 1, lines 5-10, col 2, lines 10-20, 63-67, col 6, lines 56-59, col 8, lines 52-57. Therefore, it

would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Christensen's system such that it will have disbursement options. This is because it would improve Christensen's system to authorize the payment of selectable disbursements option.

4. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Christensen, 6035280 in view of Schulze, Jr., 6233564 as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Salvatore, 5002313.

As per claim 3, Christensen discloses in the promotion information comprises a plurality of promotions indexed by promotion identifier. See col 2, lines 12-20, col 5, lines 47-55.

However, he fails specifically to disclose in the transaction information comprises a plurality of transactions each transaction having at least one promotion identifier. Salvatore discloses in the transaction information comprises a plurality of transactions each transaction having at least one promotion identifier. See col 8, lines 54-65, col 9, lines 14-21, col 3, lines 3-14. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Christensen's system such that it will have promotion identifier. This is because it would improve Christensen's system to obtain information as a preference for the product identified by the product identification to promote the transaction processed.

5. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Christensen, 6035280 in view of Schulze, Jr., 6233564 as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Blinn et al, 5999914.

As per claim 5, Christensen discloses in a number of rebate requests. See the abstract, col 1, lines 28-30, col 2, lines 13-15. However, he fails specifically to disclose a breakage rate for each promotion associated with a promotion sponsor. Blinn et al disclose in a breakage rate for each promotion associated with a promotion sponsor. See col 1, lines 65-67 - col 2, lines 1-5, col 40, lines 36-38. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Christensen's system such that it will have a breakage rate. This is because it would improve Christensen's system to determine each rebate request at any breakage rate.

6. Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Christensen, 6035280 in view of Schulze, Jr., 6233564 as applied to claim 8 above, and further in view of Blinn et al, 5999914.

As per claim 13, Christensen discloses interface operable to communicate a status of promotions associated with a promotion sponsor, the status comprising a number of rebate requests. See the abstract, col 1, lines 28-30, col 2, lines 13-15. However, he fails specifically to disclose a breakage rate for each promotion associated with a promotion sponsor. Blinn et al disclose in a breakage rate for each promotion associated with a promotion sponsor. See col 1, lines 65-67 - col 2, lines

1-5, col 40, lines 36-38. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Christensen's system such that it will have a breakage rate. This is because it would improve Christensen's system to determine each rebate request at any breakage rate.

7. Claim 14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Christensen, 6035280 in view of Schulze, Jr., 6233564 as applied to claim 8 above, and further in view of McGurl et al, 5893080.

As per claim 14, Christensen discloses in interface to communicate an authorization to a consumer upon approving a rebate request. See col 1, lines 66-67, col 2, lines 12-20, col 5, 52-57, col 6, lines 56-59. However, he fails specifically to disclose in the authorization having a plurality of selectable disbursement options. McGurl et al disclose in the authorization having a plurality of selectable disbursement options. See the abstract, fig 1, items 18, 32, fig 2, items 54, 72, col 1, lines 5-10, col 2, lines 10-20, 63-67, col 6, lines 56-59, col 8, lines 52-57. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Christensen's system such that it will have disbursement options. This is because it would improve Christensen's system to generate a plurality of payment disbursements based upon plurality of requests and to automatically determine which of the plurality of types corresponds to account information.

8. Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Christensen, 6035280 in view of Schulze, Jr., 6233564 as applied to claim 8 above, and further in view of

Salvatore, 5002313.

As per claim 15, Christensen discloses in the promotion information comprises a plurality of promotions indexed by promotion identifier. See col 2, lines 12-20, col 5, lines 47-55.

However, he fails specifically to disclose in the transaction identifier and an associated promotion identifier. Salvatore discloses in the transaction identifier and an associated promotion identifier. See col 8, lines 54-65, col 9, lines 14-21, col 3, lines 3-14. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Christensen's system such that it will have promotion identifier. This is because it would improve Christensen's system to obtain information as a preference for the product identified by the product identification to promote the transaction processed.

9. Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Christensen, 6035280 in view of Schulze, Jr., 6233564 as applied to claim 8 above, and further in view of McGurl et al, 5893080.

As per claim 16, Christensen discloses in a product identifier. See col 6, lines 5-7. However, he fails specifically to disclose in a plurality of disbursement options for receiving an authorized rebate. McGurl et al disclose in a plurality of disbursement options for receiving an authorized rebate. See the abstract, fig 1, items 18, 32, fig 2, items 54, 72, col 1, lines 5-10, col 2, lines 10-20, 63-67, col 6, lines 56-59, col 8, lines 52-57. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Christensen's system such that it will have disbursement options. This is because it would improve Christensen's

system to generate a plurality of payment disbursements based upon plurality of requests and to automatically determine which of the plurality of types corresponds to account information.

As per claim 17, Christensen discloses in rebate or gift certificates. See the abstract, col 1, lines 28-32, col 2, lines 1-4. However, he fails specifically to disclose in disbursement options. McGurl et al disclose in disbursement options. See the abstract, fig 1, items 18, 32, fig 2, items 54, 72, col 1, lines 5-10, col 2, lines 10-20, 63-67, col 6, lines 56-59, col 8, lines 52-57. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Christensen's system such that it will have disbursement options. This is because it would improve Christensen's system to generate a plurality of payment disbursements based upon plurality of requests and to automatically determine which of the plurality of types corresponds to account information.

As per claim 18, Christensen discloses in a product identifier; see col 6, lines 5-7, an end date for the promotion; see col 1, lines 52-58; and a geographic target for the promotion. See col 6, lines 5-6, 45-47, col 18, lines 53-56, fig 3, item 310.

As per claim 19, Christensen discloses in a promotion identifier; See col 2, lines 12-20, col 5, lines 47-55; personal information of the purchaser of the product; see fig 3, item 310, fig 11, col 24, lines 16-19 and purchase information. See the abstract.

10. Claims 20-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Christensen, 6035280 in view of Schulze, Jr. 6233564.

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As per claim 20, Christensen discloses in storing promotion information describing a plurality of promotions; see the col 5, lines 29-33, 44-46, col 16, lines 59-64, col 24, lines 44-45; storing transaction information indicating a plurality of product purchases; see col 22, lines 20-26, col 24, lines 46-47. However, he fails specifically to disclose in processing rebate requests by associating the product purchases with the promotions. Schulze, Jr. discloses in processing rebate requests by associating the product purchases with the promotions. See the abstract, fig 4, item 108, col 1, lines 13-19, col 4, lines 50-67, col 5, lines 49-53, col 11, lines 10-18. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Christensen's system such that it will have a processor to process rebate requests. This is because it would improve Christensen's system to gather rebate request information particularly on purchased products.

As per claim 21, Christensen discloses in receiving, from a plurality of promotion sponsors, see col 1, lines 28-34, col 2, lines 12-20, col 5, lines 51-57; receiving, from a plurality of consumers, transaction information indicating the product purchases. See col 6, lines 51-55.

As per claim 22, Christensen discloses in the interface is operable to receive information electronically using the Internet. See col 10, lines 54-64.

As per claim 23, Christensen discloses in the interface is operable to receive transaction information entered from a rebate request form mailed by a purchaser of a product. See col 1, lines 34-40, col 2, lines 37-53.

As per claim 24, Christensen discloses in receiving a request from a promotion sponsor for a status of promotions associated with the promotion sponsor and communicating the status of promotions associated with the promotion sponsor. See col 2, lines 12-18, col 5, lines 51-57.

11. Claim 25 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Christensen, 6035280 in view of Schulze, Jr., 6233564 as applied to claim 24 above, and further in view of Blinn et al, 5999914.

As per claim 25, Christensen discloses interface operable to communicate a status of promotions associated with a promotion sponsor, the status comprising a number of rebate requests. See the abstract, col 1, lines 28-30, col 2, lines 13-15. However, he fails specifically to disclose a breakage rate for each promotion associated with a promotion sponsor. Blinn et al disclose in a breakage rate for each promotion associated with a promotion sponsor. See col 1, lines 65-67 - col 2, lines 1-5, col 40, lines 36-38. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Christensen's system such that it will have a breakage rate. This is because it would improve Christensen's system to determine each rebate request at any breakage rate.

12. Claim 26 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Christensen, 6035280 in view of Schulze, Jr., 6233564 as applied to claim 20 above, and further in view of McGurl et al, 5893080.

As per claim 26, Christensen discloses in interface to communicating an authorization to a consumer upon approving a rebate request. See col 1, lines 66-67, col 2, lines 12-20, col 5, 52-57,

col 6, lines 56-59. However, he fails specifically to disclose in the authorization having a plurality of selectable disbursement options. McGurl et al disclose in the authorization having a plurality of selectable disbursement options. See the abstract, fig 1, items 18, 32, fig 2, items 54, 72, col 1, lines 5-10, col 2, lines 10-20, 63-67, col 6, lines 56-59, col 8, lines 52-57. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Christensen's system such that it will have disbursement options. This is because it would improve Christensen's system to generate a plurality of payment disbursements based upon plurality of requests and to automatically determine which of the plurality of types corresponds to account information.

13. Claim 27 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Christensen, 6035280 in view of Schulze, Jr., 6233564 as applied to claim 20 above, and further in view of Salvatore, 5002313.

As per claim 27, Christensen discloses in the promotion information comprises a plurality of promotions indexed by promotion identifier. See col 2, lines 12-20, col 5, lines 47-55.

However, he fails specifically to disclose in the transaction identifier and an associated promotion identifier. Salvatore discloses in the transaction identifier and an associated promotion identifier. See col 8, lines 54-65, col 9, lines 14-21, col 3, lines 3-14. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Christensen's system such that it will have promotion identifier. This is because it

would improve Christensen's system to obtain information as a preference for the product identified by the product identification to promote the transaction processed.

14. Claim 28 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Christensen, 6035280 in view of Schulze, Jr., 6233564 as applied to claim 20 above, and further in view of McGurl et al, 5893080.

As per claim 28, Christensen discloses in a product identifier. See col 6, lines 5-7. However, he fails specifically to disclose in a plurality of disbursement options for receiving an authorized rebate. McGurl et al disclose in a plurality of disbursement options for receiving an authorized rebate. See the abstract, fig 1, items 18, 32, fig 2, items 54, 72, col 1, lines 5-10, col 2, lines 10-20, 63-67, col 6, lines 56-59, col 8, lines 52-57. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Christensen's system such that it will have disbursement options. This is because it would improve Christensen's system to generate a plurality of payment disbursements based upon plurality of requests and to automatically determine which of the plurality of types corresponds to account information. As per claim 29, Christensen discloses in rebate or gift certificates. See the abstract, col 1, lines 28-32, col 2, lines 1-4. However, he fails specifically to disclose in disbursement options. McGurl et al disclose in disbursement options. See the abstract, fig 1, items 18, 32, fig 2, items 54, 72, col 1, lines 5-10, col 2, lines 10-20, 63-67, col 6, lines 56-59, col 8, lines 52-57. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Christensen's system such that it will have disbursement options. This is because it would

improve Christensen's system to generate a plurality of payment disbursements based upon plurality of requests and to automatically determine which of the plurality of types corresponds to account information.

As per claim 30, Christensen discloses in a product identifier; see col 6, lines 5-7, an end date for the promotion; see col 1, lines 52-58; and a geographic target for the promotion. See col 6, lines 5-6, 45-47, col 18, lines 53-56, fig 3, item 310.

As per claim 31, Christensen discloses in a promotion identifier; See col 2, lines 12-20, col 5, lines 47-55; personal information of the purchaser of the product; see fig 3, item 310, fig 11, col 24, lines 16-19 and purchase information. See the abstract.

15. Claim 32 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Christensen, 6035280 in view of Perkowski, 5950173

As per claim 32, Christensen discloses in display a plurality of fields for entry by a user to create a promotion for a product bearing a rebate; see the abstract, fig 4, fig 6, fig 12, fig 14, col 2, lines 37-47; receive promotion information for the promotion; see col 2, lines 12-17; communicate promotion information to a remote rebate processing center; see col 10, lines 55-64. However he fails specifically to disclose in receiving a status of the promotion based on purchases of the product in receiving a status of the promotion based on purchases of the product. Perkowski, disclose in receiving a status of the promotion based on purchases of the product in receiving a status of the promotion based on purchases of the product in receiving a status of the promotion based on purchases of the abstract. Therefore, it would

have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Christensen's system such that it will have promote based on purchases of the product.

This is because it would improve Christensen's system to generate promoted products.

16. Claim 33 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Christensen, 6035280 in view of Perkowski, 5950173 as applied to claim 32 above, and further in view of McGurl et al, 5893080.

As per claim 33, Christensen discloses in a product identifier. See col 6, lines 5-7. However, he fails specifically to disclose in a plurality of disbursement options for receiving an authorized rebate. McGurl et al disclose in a plurality of disbursement options for receiving an authorized rebate. See the abstract, fig 1, items 18, 32, fig 2, items 54, 72, col 1, lines 5-10, col 2, lines 10-20, 63-67, col 6, lines 56-59, col 8, lines 52-57. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Christensen's system such that it will have disbursement options. This is because it would improve Christensen's system to generate a plurality of payment disbursements based upon plurality of requests and to automatically determine which of the plurality of types corresponds to account information.

As per claim 34, Christensen discloses in rebate or gift certificates. See the abstract, col 1, lines 28-32, col 2, lines 1-4. However, he fails specifically to disclose in disbursement options. McGurl et al disclose in disbursement options. See the abstract, fig 1, items 18, 32, fig 2, items 54, 72, col 1, lines 5-10, col 2, lines 10-20, 63-67, col 6, lines 56-59, col 8, lines 52-57. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to

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modify Christensen's system such that it will have disbursement options. This is because it would improve Christensen's system to generate a plurality of payment disbursements based upon plurality of requests and to automatically determine which of the plurality of types corresponds to account information.

As per claim 35, Christensen discloses in a product identifier; see col 4, lines 23-27, col 6, lines 5-7, an end date for the promotion; see col 1, lines 52-58; and a geographic target for the promotion. See col 6, lines 5-6, 45-47, col 18, lines 53-56, fig 3, item 310.

As per claim 36, Christensen discloses in the interface is operable to receive and communicate promotion information repeatedly to create a plurality of promotions for the remote rebate processing center. See col 1, lines 34-40, col 2, lines 37-53.

As per claim 37, Christensen discloses in the interface is web-based and is further operable to communicate promotion information and receive a status of the promotion electronically using the Internet. See col 21, lines 36-44.

17. Claim 38 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Christensen, 6035280 in view of Perkowski, 5950173 as applied to claim 32 above, and further in view of Blinn et al, 5999914.

As per claim 38, Christensen discloses in a number of rebate requests. See the abstract, col 1, lines 28-30, col 2, lines 13-15. However, he fails specifically to disclose a breakage rate. Blinn et al disclose in a breakage rate. See col 1, lines 65-67 - col 2, lines 1-5, col 40, lines 36-38. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the

invention was made to modify Christensen's system such that it will have a breakage rate. This is because it would improve Christensen's system to determine each rebate request at any breakage rate.

18. Claim 39 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Christensen, 6035280 in view of Perkowski, 5950173 as applied to claim 32 above, and further in view of McGurl et al, 5893080.

As per claim 39, Christensen discloses in a product identifier. See col 6, lines 5-7. However, he fails specifically to disclose in a plurality of disbursement options for receiving an authorized rebate. McGurl et al disclose in a plurality of disbursement options for receiving an authorized rebate. See the abstract, fig 1, items 18, 32, fig 2, items 54, 72, col 1, lines 5-10, col 2, lines 10-20, 63-67, col 6, lines 56-59, col 8, lines 52-57. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Christensen's system such that it will have disbursement options. This is because it would improve Christensen's system to generate a plurality of payment disbursements based upon plurality of requests and to automatically determine which of the plurality of types corresponds to account information.

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Conclusion

19. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's

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disclosure.

A. Mori, US Patent 5,200,889 Apr. 06, 1993. A Sales-data-processing having a storing device for

storing rebate information or the equivalent input device.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should

be directed to Mussie Tesfamariam whose telephone number is (703)305-1393. The examiner

can normally be reached on Monday - Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. If attempts to reach the

examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eric Stamber can be

reached at (703) 305-8469.

Any response to this office action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(703)746-7239, (for formal communications intended for entry)

Or:

(703)746-7240, (for informal or draft communications, please label

"PROPOSED" or "DRAFT")

Or:

(703)746-7238, (for after-final)

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal park II, 2121 Crystal Drive Arlington, Virginia, (Receptionist).

Mussie Tesfamariam

January 25, 2002

ERIC W. STAMBER
PRIMARY EXAMINER